

Documentation for Lexical Analyzer

Compiler Design (COMP 442/6421) Winter 2023

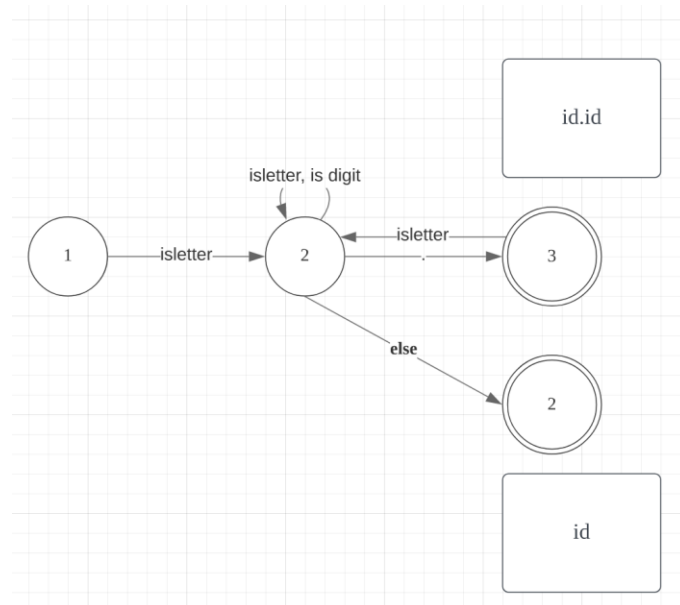
-Qiantongzhou(40081938)

Document

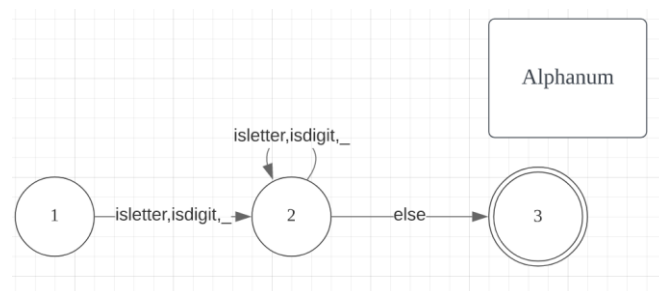
Section 1. Lexical specifications

Regular expressions:

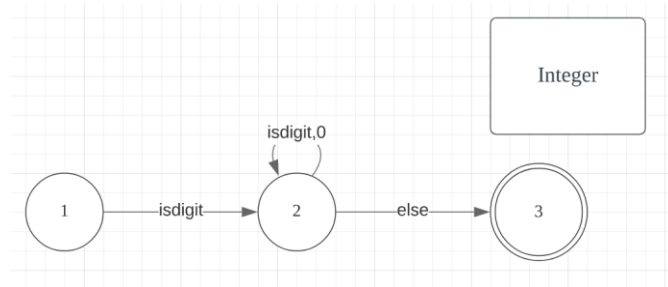
$\text{Id} ::= \text{letter}(\text{letter}|\text{digit}|_)*$



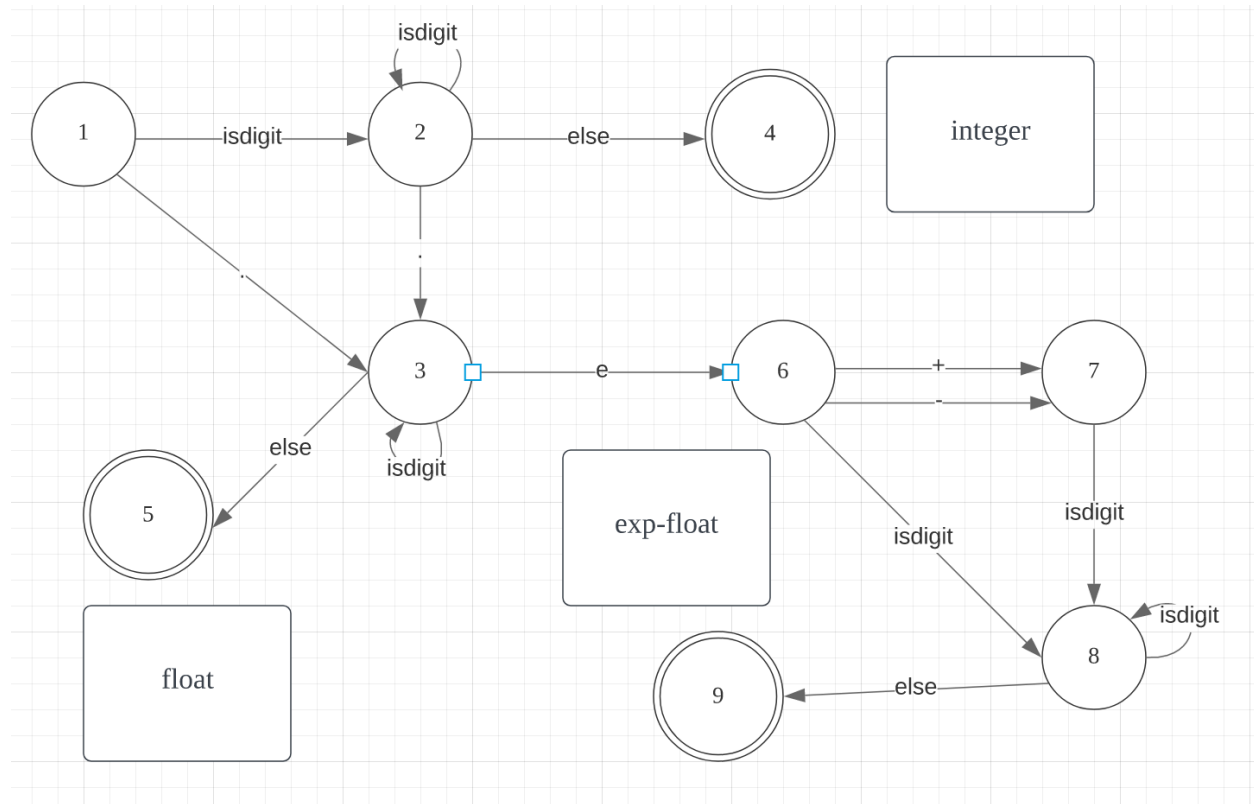
$\text{Alphanum} ::= (\text{letter}|\text{digit}|_)(\text{letter}|\text{digit}|_)*$



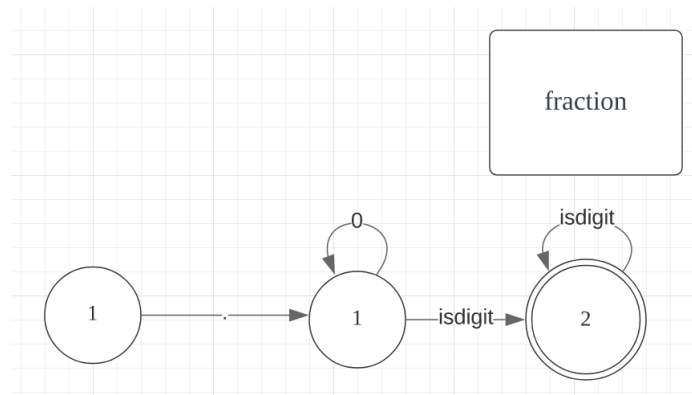
Integer ::= nonzero (digit* | 0)



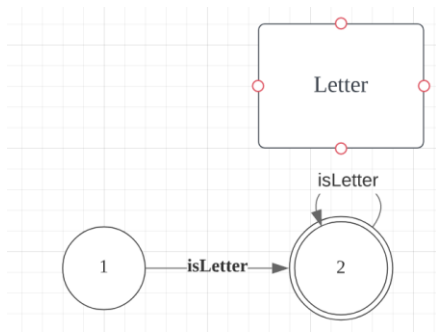
Float ::= (integer)(fraction)(e+|-) | (integer)*



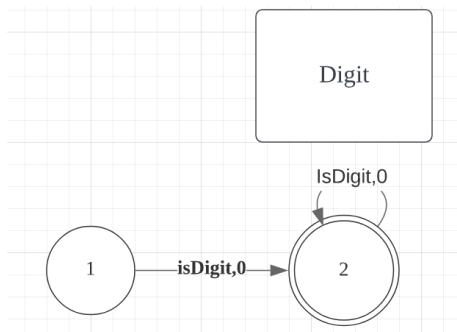
Fraction ::= .digit* nonzero | 0



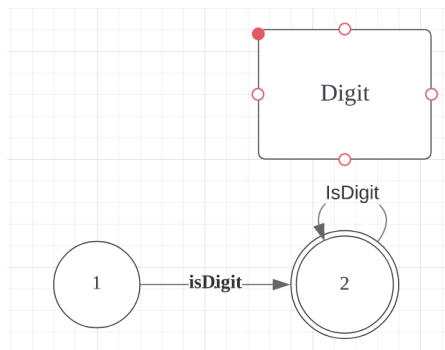
Letter ::= [a...z] | [A..Z]



Digit ::= [0..9]

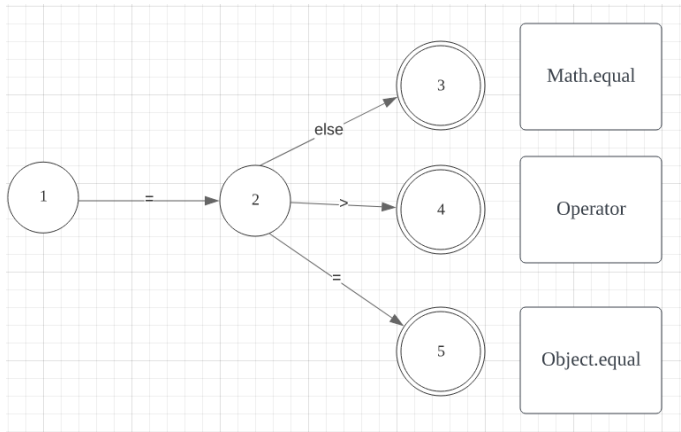


Nonzero ::= [1..9]

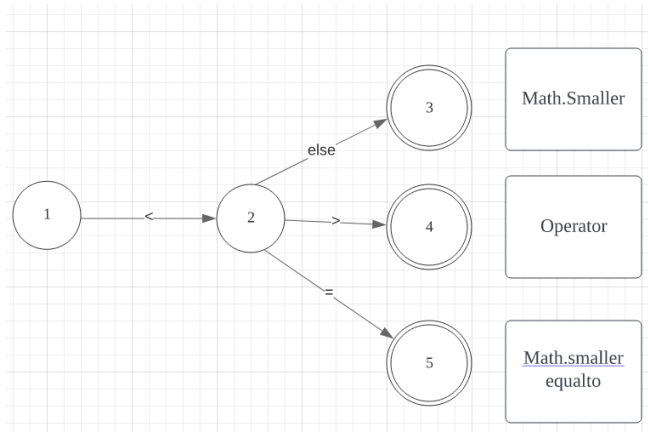


Regular expressions for signs

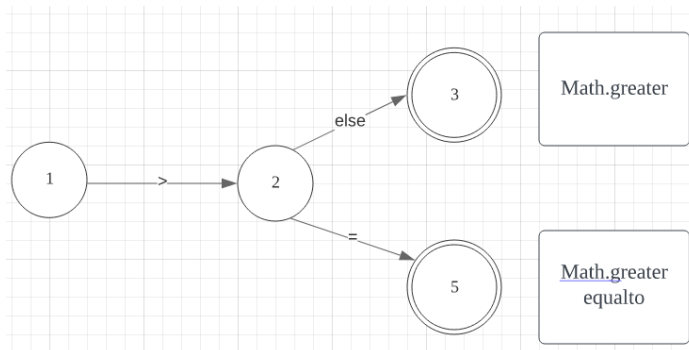
=(=|>)



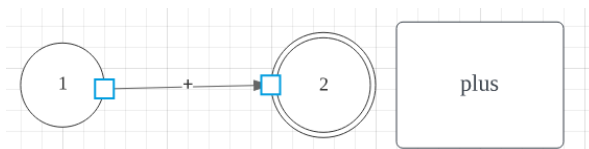
<(>|=)



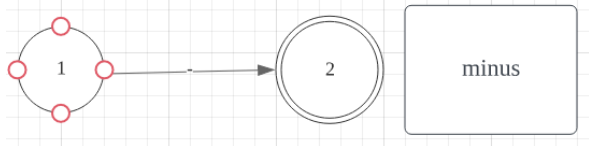
>(>|=)



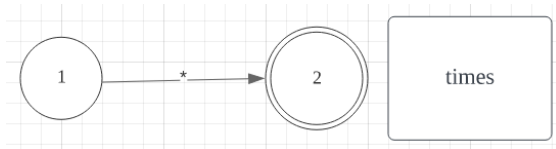
+



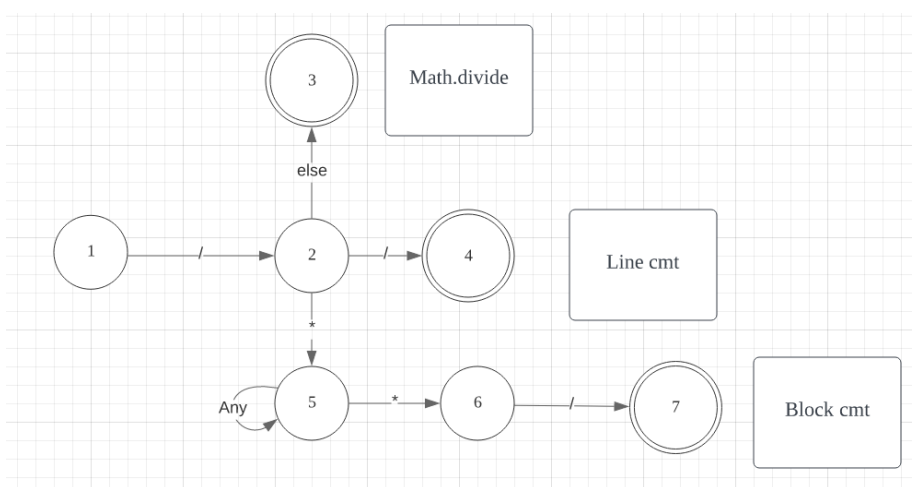
-



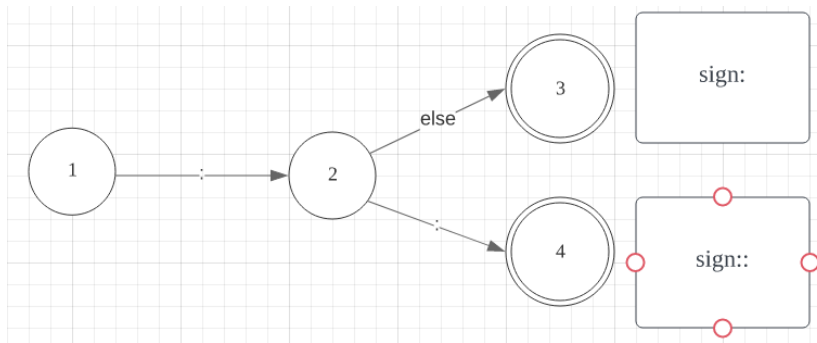
*



/(|**/)

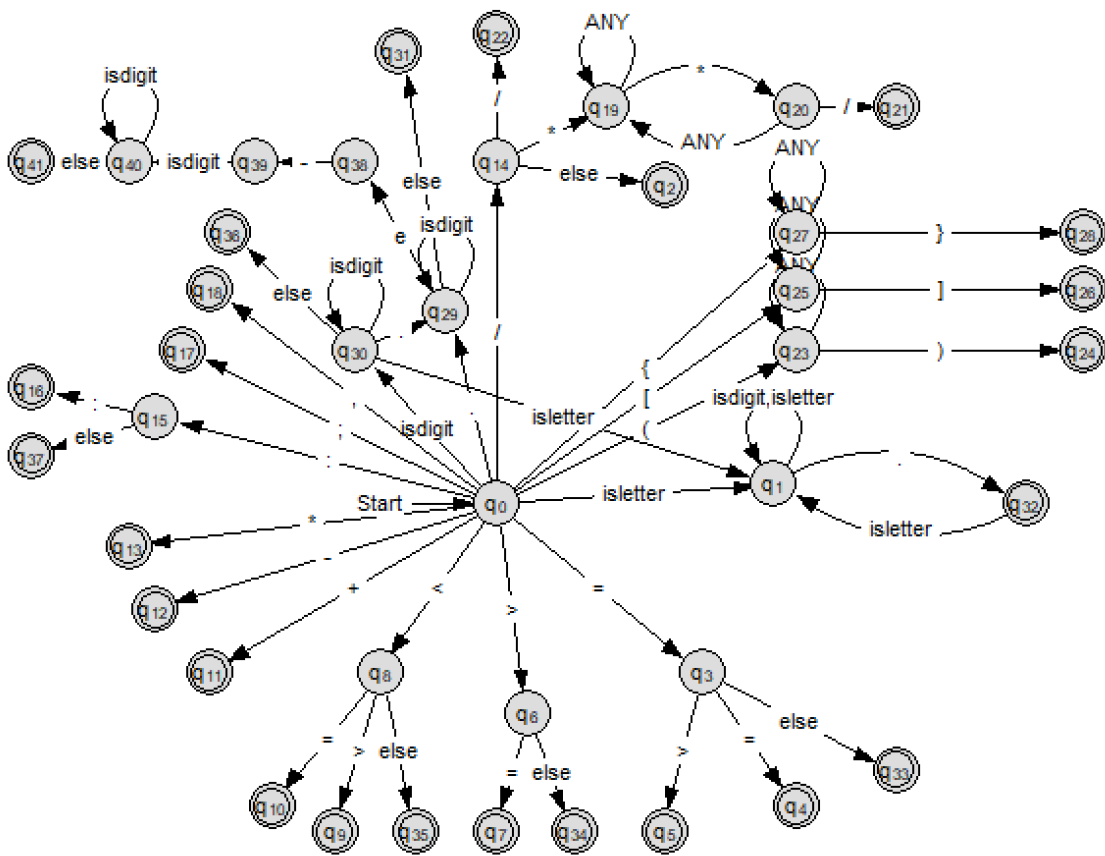


- (any)
- { any }
- [any]
- ;
- ,
- .
- :(|none)



Section 2:

DFA for above:




```

//      ( ) * + , - . / : ; < = > [ ] ANY isdigit isletter { }
new List<int>(){ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 },
//q34
new List<int>(){ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 },
//q35
new List<int>(){ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 },
//q36
new List<int>(){ 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36 },
//q37
new List<int>(){ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 },
//q38
new List<int>(){ 0, 0, 0, 39, 0, 39, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 39, 0, 0, 0 },
//q39
new List<int>(){ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 40, 0, 0, 0 },
//q40
new List<int>(){ 41, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 40, 0, 0, 0 },
//q41
new List<int>(){ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 },

```

Reserved words:

"integer", "float", "void", "class", "self", "isa", "while", "if", "then", "else",
 "read", "write", "return", "localvar", "constructor", "attribute", "function", "public",
 "private"

Section 3:

Check words

```

private bool isReservedword(string word) {
    //no reserved word more than 16
    if((word).Length > 16 || (word).Length == 0)
        return false;
    //List check which one
    var Reservedwords = new List<string>(){
        "integer", "float", "void", "class", "self", "isa", "while", "if", "then", "else",
        "read", "write", "return", "localvar", "constructor", "attribute", "function", "public", "private"};
    // Lambda
    return Reservedwords.Exists(element => (word.ToLower()) == element);
}

```

Every time a Char is added to token, dfa check if this is a reserved word.

Get next state form transition table

```

//Get next state from transition table
CurrentState = getNextState(CurrentState, cChar);

```

Check if the sign leads to which state

If not in the transition table, return to 0 state and report error

Error for cmt, do not process cmt

```
if(cChar == '/' && CharTemp == '*') {
    if(code.Length - 1 == Index)
        return Output;
    CharTemp = code[++Index];
    //remove everything till see */
    do {
        cChar = CharTemp;
        if(code.Length - 1 == Index)
            return Output + cChar;
        CharTemp = code[++Index];
        //without */ error
        if (code.Length - 1 == Index)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Error: at line:" +
                outlexerrors[Tokens.Punctuation].Add("
            return Output;
        }
    } while(cChar != '*' && CharTemp != '/');
    Output += '\r';
    if(code.Length - 1 != Index)
        CharTemp = code[++Index];
    continue;
}
```

If the system find /*, Goes to state forward character until see the sign */, else print cmt error

Error Detection

```
if (char.IsDigit(CurrentToken[0]))
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: at line:" + line);
    outlexerrors[Tokens.id].Add("Error: a");
}
else
if (CurrentToken.Substring(0, 1) == "_")
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: at line:" + line);
    outlexerrors[Tokens.id].Add("Error: a");
}
else
if (!char.IsLetter(CurrentToken[0]))
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: at line:" + line);
    outlexerrors[Tokens.id].Add("Error: a");
}
}
```

Only three type of error, identification error, integer error and float error

Error is going to be detected before put into token list in case switch

Use of Tool

C# Section 4

Build in tool in C#

```
char.IsDigit(cChar)
```

```
char.IsLetter(cChar)
```

These two functions return if the character is digit or letter.

Help us get the correct transition state in DFA.

Problems:

Unable to detect 0, need an extra tool to split 0 from string

Unable to detect _, need the scan identification again to locate problems

```
outlexerrors = new Dictionary<Tokens, Dictionary<string, string>>();
```

Use of dictionary, label errors and type for later recovery

```
CurrentToken.Substring(0, 1) == "0"
```

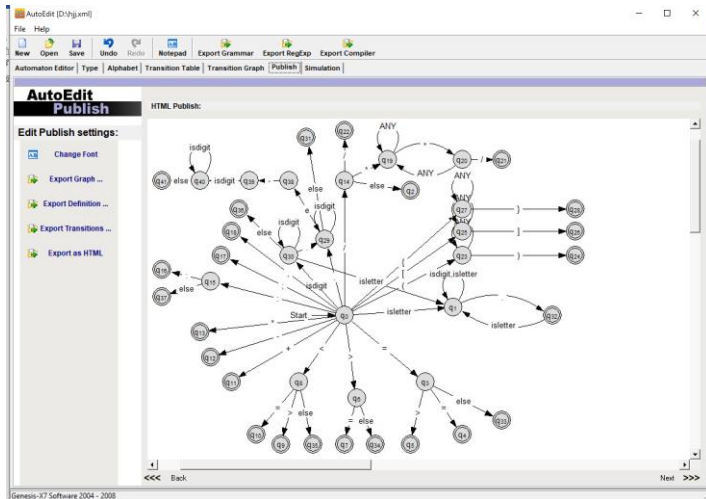
Use of string operation to detect Errors.

```
using (StreamWriter writer1 = new StreamWriter(dir + "OutputErrors/" + "outlexerrors_" + file))
{
    writer1.WriteLine("This is all the lexerrors");

    foreach (var type in outlexerrors.Keys)
    {
        writer1.WriteLine("\n\n" + type.ToString() + ":\n");
        foreach (var token in outlexerrors[type])
        {
            //Console.WriteLine(token.Key);
            writer1.WriteLine(token.Key);
        }
    }
};
```

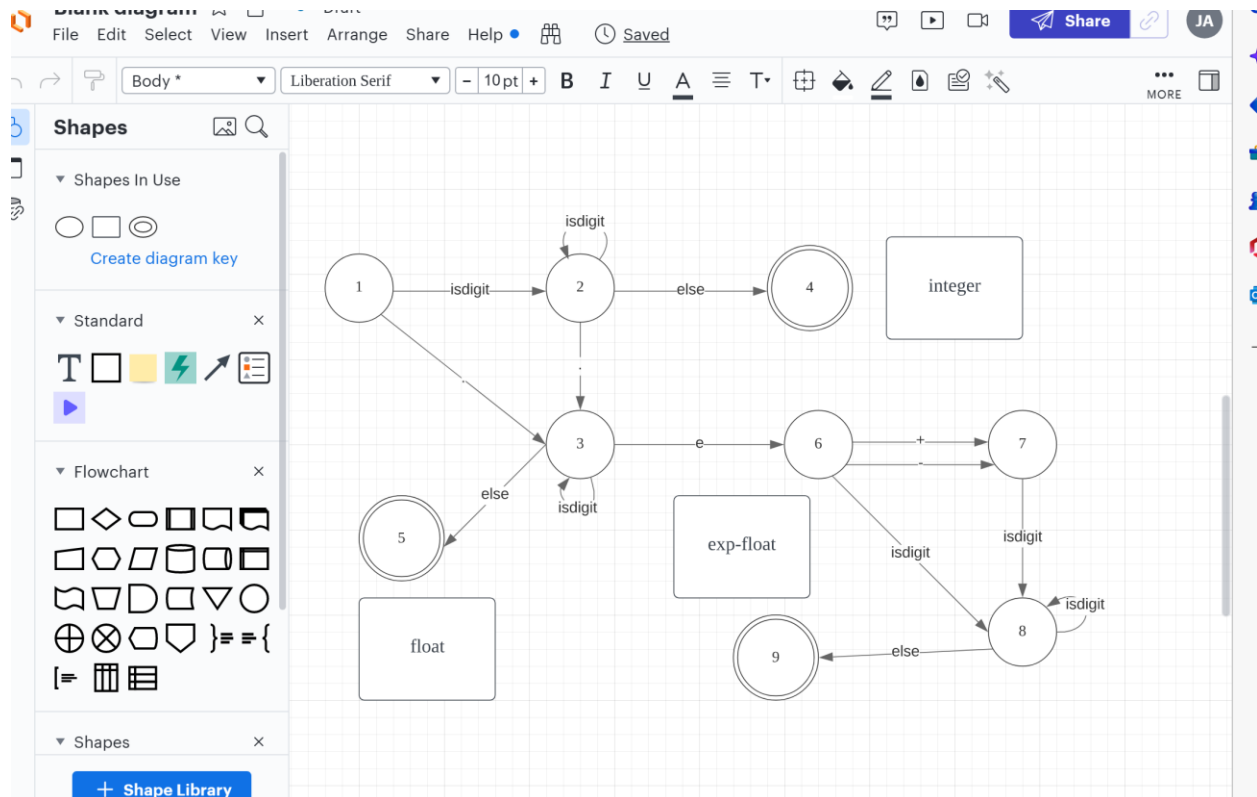
File handler to write files to folder.

AutoEdit



Help to get the transition table for the whole DFA.

Lucidchart



For prototyping a DFA for each cases

Later used for create AutoEdit chart